SO ORDERED.

1 Thomas J. Salerno (AZ Bar No. 007492) tsalerno@ssd.com Josefina F. McEvoy (CA Bar. No. 147138) imceyoy@ssd.com Kelly Singer (AZ Bar No. 022024) ksinger as a Comovember 15, 2005 2 SOUIRE, SANDERS & DEMPSEY L.L.P. 3 Two Renaissance Square, Suite 2700 40 North Central Avenue 4 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 528-4000 5 U.S. Bankruptcy Judge Attorneys for Debtor and Debtor-in-Possession 6 TODD MCFARLANE PRODUCTIONS, INC. 7 8 UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT 9 FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA 10 11 Case No. 04/6k-21755 In re In Proceedings Under Chapter 12 TODD MCFARLANE PRODUCTIONS. INC., an Arizona corporation 13 Judge Charles O. Case, II Debtor. ORDER PURSUANT TO F.R.B.P. 14 4001(d)(4) APPROVING STIPULATION RE: RÉLIÈF FROM THE AUTOMATIC 15 STAY TO COMPLETE LITIGATION IN DISTRICT) COURT 16 17 18 Upon the motion of Neil Gaiman ("Gaiman") entitled a Motion for Relief from the 19 Automatic Stay to Complete Litigation in District Court (the "Motion") pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 20 362(d) (1), and the Opposition to the Motion (the "Opposition") submitted by Todd McFarlane 21 Productions, Inc., the debtor and debtor in possession in the above-captioned chapter 11 case 22 ("Debtor"); the Court having reviewed the Motion, the Opposition, the declarations filed in 23 support of each of the foregoing, and considered the record of this case; the Court having 24 determined that (i) it has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334, (ii) this is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2), and (iii) the Motion was sufficient to afford reasonable notice of the material provisions of the Stipulation Re Relief from the 28

SQUIRE, SANDERS & DEMPSEY L.L.P. 801 South Figueron, 14th Fi Los Angeles, CA 90017-555 Case 2:04-bk-21755-CGC

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Automatic Stay to Complete Litigation in District Court (the "Stipulation") and opportunity for a hearing; and the Court having determined that the terms and provisions of the Stipulation, a copy of which is annexed as Exhibit A hereto, establish just cause for the relief granted herein;

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

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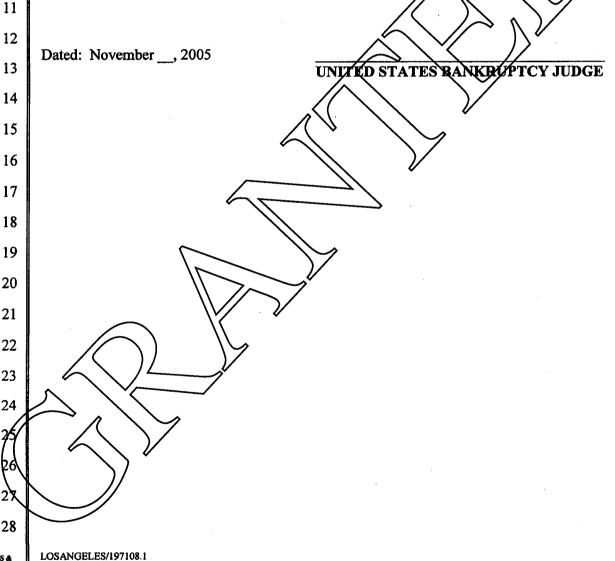
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- 1. The Stipulation is approved.
- The automatic is modified in accordance with the terms of the Stipulation. 2.

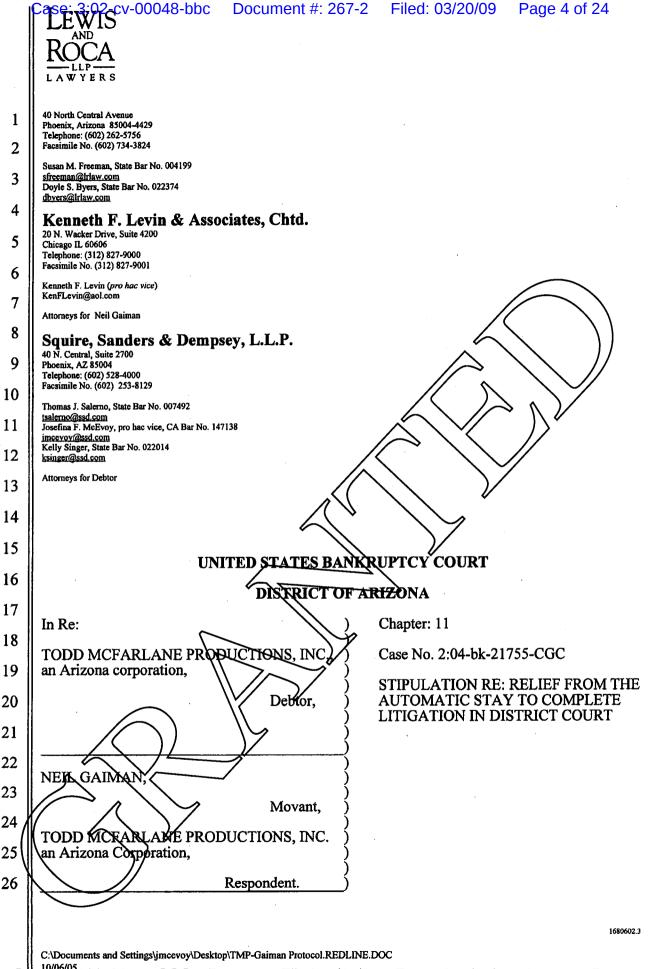
The protection of a stay shall be extended to Todd McFarlane to the extent 3. provided in paragraph 13 of the Stipulation.

4. The Stipulation shall be effective immediately apon-



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Neil Gaiman ("Gaiman") and Todd McFarlane Productions, Inc. ("Debtor") and its sole shareholder Todd McFarlane ("McFarlane") ("Debtor" and "McFarlane" are jointly "Defendants") stipulate as follows with respect to Gaiman's motion pending in this Court for relief from the automatic stay under Bankruptcy Code section 362(d) to proceed with litigation pending against the Defendants in the United States District Court, Western District of Wisconsin, Case No. 02-C-048-S, Neil Gaiman and Marvels and Miracles, LLC v. Todd McFarlane, Todd McFarlane Productions, Inc., TMP International Inc., McFarlane Worldwide, Inc. and Image Comics, Inc. (the "District Court Litigation"), including the accounting procedure for determination of amounts owed to Gaiman by the Defendants (the "Accounting") pursuant to the terms and provisions of a stipulation and judgment of the District Court ("Wisconsin Stipulation and Judgment"): ¹

1. Within ten (10) days after entry of an order by this Court approving this
Stipulation, Gaiman will provide to the Defendants a list and copies of all Documents² submitted

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A true and correct copy of the Wisconsin Stipulation and Judgment is attached as Exhibit "A" hereto and incorporated herein by reference.

² "Documents" means and includes writings and tangible things of any kind, including the originals (or if not available, true copies) and all non-identical copies, whether different from the originals by reason of any notation made on such copies or otherwise, including, without limitation: accountants' statements, agendas, agreements, analyses, bank statements, bills, blueprints, books of account, bulletins, cables, cancelled checks, computer printouts, contracts, data processing cards, designs, desk calendars, diaries, drafts or outlines, drawings, employment records, films, financial statements, invoices, working papers, interoffice/intraeffice company memoranda or communications, instructions, invoices, ledgers, letters sent and received, maps, notes of meetings or other communications, memoranda, minutes, newspaper and magazine clippings, notations of any sort of conversations, notepads, notes, notices, offers, pamphlets, passbooks, photographs, printed matter, receipts, recordings, records, releases, reports, returns, schedules, statements, statistics, stock ledgers, studies, summaries, surveys, telefax, telegrams, telephone bills and toll call records, stock transfer records, telephone call records, telexes, work papers, work sheets, writings, and other drafts, alterations, modifications, changes and amendments of any of the foregoing, together with all

by Gaiman (including through his agents and professionals) to Sills & Adelman ("Accountant") and/or received by Gaiman from Accountant, and Defendants will provide to Gaiman a list and copies of all Documents submitted by Defendants (including through their agents and professionals) to Accountant and/or received by Defendants from Accountant, concerning, relating to, as to, with reference to the Accounting.

- 2. Within ten (10) days after the lists and copies are exchanged pursuant to paragraph 1 above, Gaiman and the Defendants will exchange lists of documents and information ("Data Exchange") that each believes the other should submit to the other and to the Accountant for consideration in resolving the Accounting. The Data Exchange shall include any products publications and exploitations not previously addressed by the parties, and supplementation of documents and information previously addressed to provide current and complete data, including information with respect to persons and entities affiliated with the Defendants that are parties to a license agreement with either or both Defendants.
- 3. Within thirty (30) days after the above lists are exchanged, the Data Exchange will be compiled by the respective parties and delivered to each other by Gaiman and the Defendants. The Data Exchange will include Documents and information with respect to use, licensing, income, expenses and profits through (a) the date of the Debtor's bankruptcy petition filing, and (b) the last day of the quarter ended June 30, 2005. Similar additional Documents and information shall be delivered to Gaiman by the Defendants thereafter on a biannual basis on the last day of the six—month period.

graphical, computer, or audio records, reproductions or representations of any kind, including, without limitation, photographs, charts microfiche, computer disks, computer tape, microfilm, videotapes, motion pictures, and any and all electronic, mechanical or electrical reproductions of any kind, including, without limitation, tapes, cassettes, disks (including computer disks) and records, together with all statements or interviews whether written, tape recorded, or otherwise preserved.

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- s any dispute between the parties as to whether particular Documents ald be included in the Data Exchange, the parties will notify each other er the exchange of the Data Exchange lists as to the specifics of each such subsequent to the receipt of such notice by one or both of the parties. will endeavor to consult with each other directly or through their ounsel of record, preferably via telephonic conference, and shall use their inder the circumstances to coordinate and proceed with the Data Exchange or information not subject to a dispute, while continuing to seek to resolve the dispute(s) by agreement.
- If any dispute as to whether any additional Documents and/or information should 5. be included in the Data Exchange and delivered to the requesting party is not resolved informally within such 10 days, then, within the following 14 days, the parties will submit each such unresolved dispute to the Accountant for resolution, along with respective positions, and will abide by his decision. The Accountant's feet for such services shall be paid in accordance with the Wisconsin Stipulation and Judgment. Any additional Documents and/or information that the Accountant determines should be included in the Data Exchange will be delivered to the other party within 30 days after the Accountant informs the parties of his decision.
- 6. Within 30 days after the Data Exchange has been completed, the Defendants will deliver to Gaiman a proposal as to the rateable value of the publications and characters at issue in the District Court Litigation (i.e. Medieval Spawn, Cogliostro, Spawn Issue 26, Angela, Angela Issues 1, 2 and 3, and Spawn Issue 9) ("Characters and Works") in relation to the other publications and characters in a particular publication and/or medium, expressed in an aggregate percentage amount of the total profits derived from use of the Characters and Works that Defendants believe Gaman is entitled to receive, and the basis therefor. Within ten (10) days thereafter, Gannan will respond to the Defendants, and will set forth any disagreement concerning

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Defendants' proposal and will explain his reasoning on the factors to be taken into account as the basis for determining the proratable aggregate percentage value of the Characters and Works.

- 7. After Gaiman delivers his response to Defendants' proposal, for thirty (30) days the parties will endeavor to consult with each other directly and/or through their respective bankruptcy counsel of record, preferably face to face or via telephonic conference, and use their reasonable best efforts under the circumstances to settle the Accounting ("Settlement Period").
- If the Settlement Period (and any extension thereof to which Comman and 8. Defendants agree) expires and the parties have not reached a settlement agreement, within ays after the expiration of the Settlement Period the automatic stay of Bankruptcy Code section 3/62(a) shall be deemed modified to permit the Accounting to resume according to the terms and provisions of the Wisconsin Stipulation, Memorandum and Order, and Judgment, and permit the District Court Litigation to be concluded; further, within such 7 day period the parties shall deliver copies of the Data Exchange information and all written communications exchanged by the parties pursuant to this Stipulation to the Accountant.
- 9. If the parties do not reach a full and complete settlement agreement, they shall nonetheless attempt to reach an agreement during said 7 day period on procedures for the Accountant to follow. To the extent the parties are unable to reach an agreement on such procedures, within 10 days after the 7 day period for transmitting to the Accountant copies of the foregoing information expires the parties will each provide the Accountant with their positions on the procedures the Accountant should use. Pursuant to the terms and provisions of the Wisconsin Stipulation and Judgment the Accountant shall deliver to Gaiman and Defendants a written description of the procedures the Accountant will apply to complete the Accounting. Gaiman and Defendants will jointly request that the Accountant expedite the delivery of such information. Thereafter, the Accountant and the parties will resume the Accounting, taking into

account the work and progress and any partial agreements made by the parties pursuant to the

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terms of this Stipulation, in accordance with the terms and provisions of Wisconsin Stipulation and Judgment, and the District Court Litigation will otherwise proceed.

- 11. If, on the other hand, the parties reach a full and complete settlement agreement, it will be jointly presented to the District Court and the District Court will be asked to enter judgment in accordance with the Wisconsin Stipulation and Judgment to resolve the District Court Litigation.
- 12. Except to the extent otherwise provided in a settlement agreement, the automatic stay in the above-captioned case will continue to apply with respect to collection or enforcement of a judgment in the District Court Litigation from the Debtor or the bankruptcy estate.
- 13. Until either (a) the Accountant delivers its Final accounting to the District Court in accordance with paragraph 10 above, or (b) the parties deliver a settlement agreement to the District Court in accordance with paragraph 11 above, collection against McFarlane of any judgment or any moneys claimed to be due by McFarlane pursuant to the District Court litigation will be stayed, provided that McFarlane and the Debtor reasonably comply with this stipulation in good faith. If Gaiman persuades the Bankruptcy Court that McFarlane or the Debtor are not reasonably complying with this stipulation in good faith, the stay protection of this paragraph 13 to McFarlane shall cease.

XENNETH F. LEVIN & ASSOCIATES, CHTD.

Kenneth F. Levin

and

LEWIS AND ROCA LLP

Susan M. Freeman (004199 Susan M. Freeman Attorneys for Gaiman

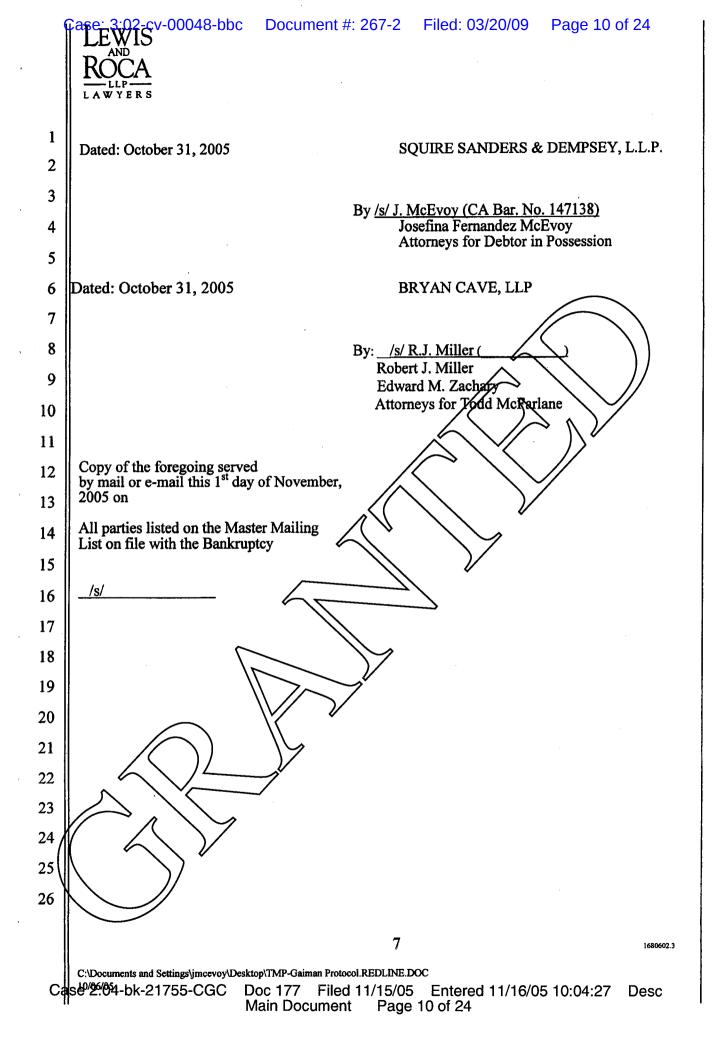
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Dated: October 21, 2005



Case: 3:02-cv-00048-bbc Document #: 267-2 Filed: 03/20/09 Page 11 of 24

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WEST DIST. OF WISCONSIN

WESTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

JAN - 9 2003

FILED

NEIL GAIMAN and MARVELS AND MIRACLES, LLC.

SECRET AMENDEWITZ CLERK JUDGMENT IN A CIVIL CASE

Case No.: 02-C-048-S

Plaintiffs.

V.

TODD MCFARLANE, TODD MCFARLANE PRODUCTIONS, INC., TMP INTERNATIONAL, INC. MCFARLANE WORLDWIDE, INC., and IMAGE COMICS, INC.,

Defendants.

This action came for consideration before the court with DISTRICT JUDGE JOHN C. SHABAZ presiding. The issues have been considered and a decision has been rendered.

IT IS ORDERED AND ADJUDGED

ENTERED IN FAVOR OF PLAINTIFF NEIL THAT SECOND AMENDED JUDGMENT IS GAIMAN AGAINST DEPENDANTS TODD MCFARLANE, TODD MCFARLANE PRODUCTIONS, INC. AND IMAGE COMICS, INC. IN THE AMOUNT OF \$45 800.00 WITH COSTS, AND ATTORNEYS FEES IN THE AMOUNT OF \$33,639.48, AND IN FAVOR OF PLAINTIFFS AGAINST THE MCFARLANE DEFENDANTS FOR A DECLARATION THAT PLAINTIFF NEIL GAIMAN IS AN OWNER OF THE COPYRIGHTS TO THE PUBLICATIONS AND CHARACTERS AT ISSUE IN THIS CASE:

MEDIEVAL SPAWN

WN ISSUE 26

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Deputy Clerk

Case 2:04-bk-21755-CGC

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Case No.: 02-C-048-S

FOR WHICH AN ACCOUNTING FOR PROFITS BY DEFENDANTS TODD MCFARLANE AND TODD MCFARLANE PRODUCTIONS, INC. IS ORDERED PURSUANT TO THE STIPULATION ENTERED INTO BETWEEN THE PARTIES, WHICH STIPULATION MARKED 182 IS ATTACHED AND MADE A PART OF THIS JUDGMENT.

THAT JUDGMENT IS FURTHER ENTERED ENJOINING DEFENDANTS AND THEIR OFFICERS, AGENTS AND EMPLOYEES FROM PUBLISHING OR DISTRIBUTING ANGELA'S HUNT USING THE NAME OR BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION OF PLAINTIFF NEIL GAIMAN FOR PURPOSES OF TRADE WITHOUT HIS WRITTEN CONSENT AND REQUIRING DEFENDANTS AND THEIR AGENTS AND EMPLOYEES TO CREDIT NEIL GAIMAN AS CO-AUTHOR OF SPANN ASSUE 26, SPAWN VOLUME 6 AND PATHWAY TO JUDGEMENT AND TO APPROPRIATELY DESIGNATE NEIL GAIMAN AS A COPYRIGHT OWNER ON ALL PUBLICATIONS OR OTHER MEDIA WHICH HAVE NOT YET BEEN DISTRIBUTED BY DEFENDANTS AND FOR WHICH NEIL GAZMAN HAS BEEN FOUND A COPYRIGHT OWNER.

THAT JUDGMENT IS FURTHER ENTERED DISMISSING ALL REMAINING CLAIMS AND

COUNTERCLAIMS WITH PREJUDICE.

Approved as to form this 9th day of January, 2003.

by Deputy Clerk

JOHN C. SHABAZ DISTRICT JUDGE

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MEMORANDUM AND ORDER 02-C-48-S p.2

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

NEIL GAIMAN and MARVELS AND MIRACLES, LLC,

v.

Plaintiffs,

TODD MCFARLANE,
TODD MCFARLANE PRODUCTIONS, INC.,

TMP INTERNATIONAL, INC., MCFARLANE WORLDWIDE, INC., and IMAGE COMICS, INC.,

Defendants.

Plaintiff Neil Gaiman commenced this còpyrigh alleging, among other things, that he was joint owner/of certain comic book issues and characters with defendants Todd McFarlane and Todd McFarlane Productions, Inc. and was entitled to an accounting for profits on the copyrighted works Prior to trial all named parties except Image Comics. Inc. stipulated to an accounting procedure for profits in the event plaintiffs prevailed at trial on that claim. Plaintiffs did so prevail at trial and the parties were ordered to proceed pursuant to the stipulation. The matter is presently before the wourt on cross motions to clarify the accounting prodedure and to compel the accounting. The matter is

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Case 2:04-bk-21755-CGC

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also before the Court on plaintiffs' motion to sanction defendants for failing to proceed with the accounting.

MEMORANDUM

The stipulation for an accounting contemplates the filing of motions "regarding any legal and factual issues the Parties believe must be resolved prior to the Accountant performing the accounting." Three such issues have been raised: (1) the relevant time period over which to conduct the accounting; (2) who must participate in the accounting process; (3) the percentage of profits to which plaintiffs are entitled from the various characters and publications.

Relevant Time Period

The accounting is to be conducted from the time of creation of the works. Defendants argue that the accounting should only occur for the three years preceding the action because recovery of profits realized earlier would be barred by the statute of limitations or by the equitable doctrines of laches and estoppel. There is no basis for any of these defenses.

Defendants' statute of limitations argument revisits the defense which failed on summary judgment and at trial. Unlike an action for infringement, an action for an accounting from a co-owner accives under 17 U.S.C. § 507(b) not when the copyrighted

material is wrongfully sold or used, but rather "when plain and express repudiation of co-ownership is communicated to the claimant." Zuill v. Shanahan, 80 F.3d 1366, 1369 (9th Cir. 1996). Accordingly, Zuill was barred from recovering any profits from the defendant, even though they were realized in the three years preceding the action, because the cause of action - repudiation of plaintiff's interest - occurred outside three years. Conversely, the jury found that a reasonable person in plaintiffs position would not have discovered that defendants were claiming sols ownership three years before this action commenced. Accordingly, plaintiffs' action is not barred and they are empitted to a full accounting as co-owners.

This result is consistent with the conclusion in Taylor v. Merrick, 712 F.2d 1112, 1119 (7th Chr. 1983), that the statute of limitations is not a bar for periods during whileh the plaintiff did The exidence presented at trial not discover infringement. suggested that defendants aftirmatively reassured plaintiff Gaiman that he had not given up any of his rights to the works to which he Furthermore, he was periodically provided with contributed. payments because of those rights, although he was not provided with information to calculate whether the payments were an accurate accounting of his share. These actions are consistent with his ongoing copyright ownership and would not trigger the statute of bations. There is no statute of limitations bar, nor any

equitable basis in laches or estoppel which prevents plaintiffs from pursuing an accurate accounting and recovery of profits once defendants affirmatively denied, contrary to prior statements and conduct, that plaintiffs had rights in the publications and characters.

There is no inequity in permitting an accounting for periods during which some money was paid to plaintiffs so long as any payments are offset against amounts due.

Participation

Only the copyright owners, Todd McFarlane and Todd McFarlane Productions, Inc. are liable to account to plaint of the dispute that only joint owners must account for profits to their co-owners, 1 NIMMER ON COPYRIGHT \$ 6 12 [B], and that defendants TMP International, Inc., McFarlane Worldwide, Inc) / and Image Comics, Inc. are mere licensees and have never been owners of a copyright Furthermore, there has been no evidence in the works at issue. offered which would suggests that the distinct corporate entities of these defendants may be disregarded for purposes of the accounting nor did plaintiffs pursue such a legal theory of liability at trial. \ (Accordingly, plaintiffs are entitled to recover only their share of profits realized by Todd McFarlane and Todd McFaklane Productions, Inc. from the use and sale of the works, including direct profits from sales of the works and license

fees, royalties or other payments or benefits from third parties to Todd McFarlane and Todd McFarlane Productions, Inc. in exchange for use of the works. Plaintiffs are not entitled to recover profits realized by TMP International, Inc., McFarlane Worldwide, Inc. or Image Comics from their use of the licensed works.

where the parties to a license agreement are related such as in contracts between the McFarlane defendants, the appountant may deem it necessary to examine financial records of both the licensor and the licensees to reach a determination on the actual amount 9 benefits which accrued to the trademark owner/licensor in exchange for the license to use the works. In view of the fact that all McFarlane defendants stipulated to the accounting it is appropriate to require their participation in the provision of financial information if requested by the accountant.

There is no basis for any accounting against or participation by defendant Image Comics which is an unrelated licensee who entered no stipulation concerning the accounting.

Products and Percentage of Profit

The undisputed deneral sule is that joint copyright owners must account to each other for half of all profits realized from regardless of the relative contributions of the co-NIMMER, \$6.08; Brickson v. Trinity Theater, Inc., 13 F.3d Based on this undisputed rule the parties apparently agree that plaintiffs are entitled to one half of profits realized on the sale of <u>Spawn</u> issues 9 and 26 and <u>Angela</u> issues 1, 2 and 3.

The parties disagree on the appropriate percentage of profits to be provided in accounting for use of the characters Medievel Spawn, Cogliostro and Angela which the jury also found to be works of joint authorship. The characters were licensed for the production of toy figures and other purposes and may also have been used directly by defendants Todd McFarlane and Todd McFarlane Productions, Inc. The Court finds no support for the defendants position that the profits from the use and licensing of the characters should be divided other than equally. Accordingly, plaintiffs can recover half of those profits and licensing fees.

Motion for Contempt

plaintiffs' motion for contempt and recovery of fees is without merit. The plain terms of the stipulation provide that the accounting would await resolution of the issues here addressed. However, the stipulation also clearly contemplates that the accounting will not await the outcome of motions after verdict or an appeal. In that regard it is clear that the accounting is treated as would be the damage phase of a trial. Accordingly, plaintiffs' motion for contempt and sanctions is denied and the parties may proceed to conduct the accounting in accordance with

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the terms of the stipulation and the Courts rulings on issues of fact and law relating to the accounting.

ORDER

IT IS ORDERED that the accounting may proceed in accordance with the stipulation and the rulings herein. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that plaintiffs' motion for contempt DENIED. Entered this 11th day of December, 2002 BY THE COUP

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SET 7/FILED FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN SEP 27 PH I2: 26

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NEIL GAIMAN and MARVELS AND MIRACLES, L.L.C., CLERA JE VEL COURT

Plaintiffs.

Case No.: 02-C-0048-S

TODD MCFARLANE, TODD MCFARLANE PRODUCTIONS, INC., TMP INTERNATIONAL, INC., MCFARLANE WORLDWIDE, INC., and IMAGE COMICS, INC.,

Defendants.

JOINT STIPULATION OF FLAINTIFFS AND
THE MCFARLANE DEFENDANTS REGARDING THE PROCEDURE FOR
DETERMINING ACCOUNTING OF PROFITS

Plaintiffs Neil Gaiman ("Gaiman") and Marvels and Miracles, LLC and defendants Todd McFarlane, Todd McFarlane Productions, Inc., 7MP International, Inc., and McFarlane Worldwide, Inc. (collectively "the McFarlane Defendants"), hereby stipulate and agree as follows:

Should the Sourt or Jury render a verdict or judgment (the "Verdict or Judgment") that Gaiman is an owner of the copyright's to one or more of the publications or characters at issue in this action and ordering an accounting of the profits earned by one or more of the McFarlane Defendants from those publications or characters, the amount of those profits shall not be a jury question. Instead, within 14 days of issuance of the Verdict or Judgment, whichever is earlier, Plaintiffs and the McFarlane Defendants shall serve on each other a list of three accountingtof the profits

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earned by the appropriate McFarlane Defendants from the relevant publications or characters. Within 14 days of being served with the lists, the previously-designated damages experts for Plaintiffs and the McFarlane Defendants shall make a good faith effort to jointly select one accountant or accounting firm from the six submitted by the Parties to perform the accounting of profits. Should the Parties' experts be unable, in good faith, to reach agreement, then each expert shall select one accountant or accounting firm from the opposing party's list and one of those two accountants/firms (the "Accountant") shall be selected through the toss of a soin.

Within 10 days of issuance of the Verdict or Judgment, the Parties shall serve and file with the Court all motions, supporting briefs and other materials regarding any legal or factual issues the Parties believe must be resolved prior to the Accountant performing the accounting. The Parties shall have 10 days from the date of service of such motions to serve and file any responses to such motions. The Parties shall have 5 days from the date of service of the responses to serve and file any replies.

The Accountant shall perform the accounting in accordance with any rulings by the Court on the above motions.

The Accountant shall submit to the Parties a description of the procedures to be used in performing the accounting. Within 10 days of receiving the description of procedures, each party may submit a list of objections and/or proposed changes to those procedures. The Parties shall in good faith strempt to reach agreement regarding each party's objections and proposed changes. However, should the Parties be unable to reach agreement on any of the Accountant's procedures, the Accountant shall have the final decision regarding those procedures on which the Parties disagree.

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Within 14 days of receiving the Accountant's accounting of profits, each party may submit a list of objections to that accounting. In the absence of any objections by the Parties, the accounting shall be final (the "Final Accounting"). If any of the Parties submit objections to the Accounting, within 7 days of receiving those objections, the Accountant shall inform the Parties of whether the Accountant will revise its accounting in light of any of those objections. Should the Accountant revise its accounting in light of the Parties' objections, that revised accounting shall be the Final Accounting.

Within 10 days of receiving the Final Accounting. Plaintiffs shall serve and file with the Court a proposed judgment to be entered against the McFarlane Defendants with repart to the accounting for profits. Plaintiffs may also serve and file a brief and other supporting materials as necessary. Within 10 days of being served with the proposed judgment, brief and supporting materials, the McFarlane Defendants may serve and file a brief in response and supporting materials. Within 5 days of being served with the McFarlane Defendants' response, Plaintiffs may file a brief in reply and supporting materials. The Court may then enter judgment as it deams appropriate.

The Parties shall each pay for one-half of the Accountant's total fees, costs, and expenses charged for performing the accounting.

By stipulating to the above propedures, the Parties do not waive any right to appeal any rulings by the Court regarding legal issues relevant to the Accounting. However, the Parties waive the right to appeal any accounting decisions, procedures or actions by the Accounting to the Accounting including the amount of the Final Accounting.

Subject to the limitations set forth in the previous paragraph, the parties agree that enter a final judgment regarding any verdicts, decisions, or orders, including any

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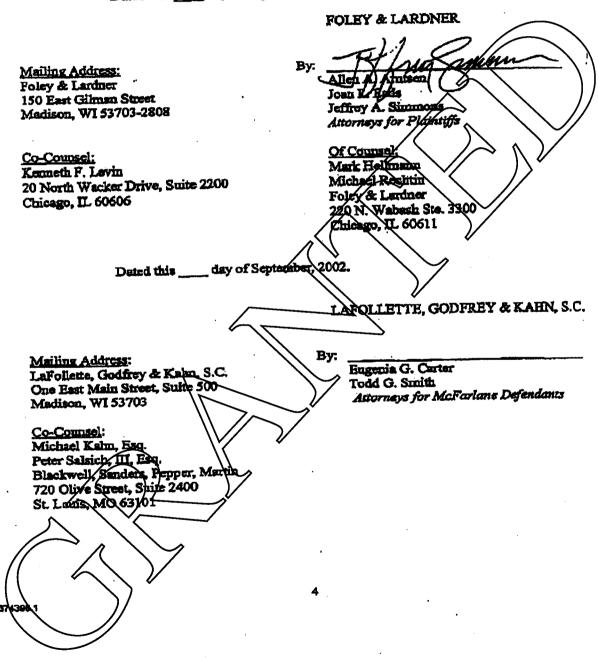
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order ordering an accounting of profits, at any time the Court deems appropriate and that any party may appeal such a final judgment prior to the completion of the accounting.

Dated this a T day of September, 2002.



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order ordering an accounting of profits, at any time the Court deems appropriate and that any party may appeal such a final judgment prior to the completion of the accounting.

